

Polio (Poliomyelitis anterior acuta; Heine-Medin-???) is a viral disease that affects the nervous system. It is caused by the poliovirus, which is spread through contact with an infected person or through contaminated food and water. The disease is most common in children under the age of 5, but it can also affect adults. The symptoms of polio include fever, fatigue, muscle aches, and weakness. In some cases, the disease can lead to paralysis and even death. There is no cure for polio, but there is a vaccine that can prevent the disease. The vaccine is made from weakened poliovirus and is given in three doses. The first dose is given at the age of 1, 2, or 3 years, and the second and third doses are given at 4-8 years and 11-15 years, respectively. The vaccine is very effective and has been responsible for the near-eradication of polio worldwide. In 1988, there were 35 cases of polio reported worldwide, but by 2018, there were only 42 cases. This is a testament to the success of the polio vaccine and the efforts of the World Health Organization and other organizations to eradicate the disease. The WHO has set a goal of eradicating polio by 2027. This is a challenging task, but it is one that is worth pursuing. Polio is a preventable disease, and it is our responsibility to ensure that everyone has access to the vaccine. We must continue to support the WHO and other organizations in their efforts to eradicate polio. We must also ensure that we have a strong surveillance system in place to detect and respond to any cases of polio that may occur. This is the only way to ensure that we can keep the world free of polio.

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